

Matthew

I. The Introduction:

- A. Matthew, who was surnamed _____ (Mark 2:14), was a Jewish tax-collector (Publican) for the _____ Government (Matthew 9:9). Jews who became tax collectors for the hated Romans became identified with _____ (Matthew 11:19). Underline the above verses.
- B. After Matthew receives Christ as Saviour, he invited his unsaved _____ to hear Christ for themselves. (Compare Matthew 9:9-13 with Mark 2:14-17 and Luke 5:27-32.)
- C. Matthew was specifically written to the _____ and presents Jesus as _____. The Old Testament is quoted often throughout the book.

II. The Structure of Matthew: - 28 Chapters

- A. The _____ of the King (chapters 1-4)
1. The Birth (1)
 2. Wise Men (2)
 3. John the Baptist (3)
 4. The Temptation (4)
- B. The _____ of the Kingdom (chapters 5-23)
1. The Sermon on the Mount (5-7)
 2. Miracles (8-9)
 3. The 12 Apostles (10)
 4. Preaching and Comforting (11)
 5. Sabbath, unpardonable sin (12)
 6. Kingdom Parables (13)
 7. Death of John the Baptist, feeding of 5,000 (14)
 8. Traditions, healing, feeding of 4,000 (15)

9. Teachings, Peters confession (16)
 10. Mount of Transfiguration, Taxes (17)
 11. Childlike faith, church discipline, forgiveness (18)
 12. Divorce, children, wealth, rewards (19)
 13. Recognition and healing (20)
 14. Triumphal entry and teachings (21)
 15. Answering questions (22)
 16. Woes to Religious Leaders (23)
- C. The _____ of the King (chapters 24-25)
- *The Tribulation and the 2nd Coming of Chris
- C. The _____ and triumph of the King (chapters 26-28)
1. The arrest and trial before the high priest (26)
 2. The trial before Pilate and the crucifixion (27)
 3. The resurrection (28)

Mark

I. The Author

- A. Mark is known in the Bible as _____ Mark.
- B. His mother's name was _____ (Acts 12:12).
- C. He was cousin to _____ (Colossians 4:10).
- D. He was a convert and close friend to the Apostle _____ (I Peter 5:13).
- E. He traveled with Paul and Barnabas on their first missionary trip and _____ (Acts 12:12; 13:13). As a result, the Apostle Paul refused to take him on another missionary journey (Acts 15:36-40). Paul, before his death recognized Mark as a worthy Christian (II Timothy 4:11).
- F. Mark's life proves that one _____ in life does not mean the end of _____.

II. The Purpose of the Book

- A. It was written to the _____.
- B. It presents Jesus as a _____.
- C. It is the Gospel of _____. The key word of the book "immediately," occurs over 40 times and reflects the great activity associated with the public ministry of our Lord.

III. The Structure of Mark

- A. The Servant's _____ (chapter 1:1-13)
 - 1. John the Baptist (1:1-8)
 - 2. Baptism (1:9-11)
 - 3. Temptation (1:12-13)
- B. The Servant's _____ (chapters 1:14-13)
 - 1. Ministry in Galilee (1:14-45)

2. Healing, Calling of Matthew, Sabbath (2)
 3. Healing, 12 Apostles, Unpardonable sin (3)
 4. Parables, Calming the storm (4)
 5. Power over Demons, Sickness, and Death (5)
 6. Rejection, Commissioning the Apostles, Death of John the Baptist (6)
 7. Traditions, Healings (7)
 8. Feeding of 4,000, Teachings, Peter's Confession (8)
 9. Mount of Transfiguration, Healing, Teachings (9)
 10. Divorce, Children, Wealth, ambition, healing (10)
 11. Triumphal Entry, Teachings (11)
 12. Answering Questions (12)
 13. The Tribulation and Coming of Christ (13)
- C. The Servant's _____ (chapters 14-15)
1. Last Supper, Arrest, Trial before High Priest (14)
 2. The Trial before Pilate and the Crucifixion (15)
- D. The Servant's _____ (chapter 16)

*Christ's Resurrection, Appearances, and Ascension.

Luke

I. The Author

- A. Luke was a _____ (Colossians 4:14).
- B. He was probably the only _____ author of the New Testament.
- C. He was _____ an eyewitness of the life of Jesus Christ (Luke 1:2).
- D. He was a close friend and companion of the Apostle _____ (Philemon 24, II Timothy 4:11).
- E. Luke also wrote the Book of _____ (compare Luke 1:3 and Acts 1:1).

II. The Purpose of the Book

- A. It was written to the _____. The name Theophilus is a Greek name meaning “dear to God” (Luke 1:3).
- B. It presents Jesus as the Son of _____.

III. The Structure of Luke

- A. The _____ of the Son of Man with men (Chapters 1:1-4:13)
 - 1. Birth of John the Baptist (1)
 - 2. Birth and childhood of Jesus (2)
 - 3. Baptism of Jesus (3)
 - 4. Temptation of Jesus (4:1-13)
- B. The _____ of the Son of Man to men (Chapters 4: 14-19:27)
 - 1. Announcement of His ministry and miracles (4:14-44)
 - 2. Miracle before Peter, Healings, Call of Matthew (5)
 - 3. Sabbath, Call of the 12 Apostles, Sermon (6)
 - 4. Miracles and Discoveries (7)
 - 5. Parables and Power over Nature, Demons, Death (8)
 - 6. 12 Apostles sent, Feeding of 5,000, Peter’s Confession, Transfiguration, Discipleship (9)
 - 7. 70 sent out, Good Samaritan, Worry of Martha (10)

8. Prayer, Seeking Signs (11)
 9. Teaching, Covetousness, Faithfulness (12)
 10. Repentance, Healing on the Sabbath, the Kingdom (13)
 11. Teaching, Discipleship (14)
 12. Lost sheep, Lost Coin, Prodigal Son (15)
 13. Stewardship, Rich man and Lazarus (16)
 14. Forgiveness, Service, 10 Lepers, Last days (17)
 15. Prayer, Publican and sinner, Rich Young Ruler, Blind Men (18)
 16. Zacchaeus, Parable of 10 pounds (19:1-27)
- C. The _____ of the Son of Man for men (Chapters 19:28-23: 56)
1. Triumphal Entry, Teaching in the Temple (9:28-48)
 2. Rulers Question Jesus' Authority (20)
 3. Widow's Mite, Tribulation, and Second Coming (21)
 4. Last Supper, Arrest, Trial before High Priest (22)
 5. Trials before Pilate and Herod, Crucifixion, Burial (23)
- D. The _____ of the Son of Man before men (chapter 24)
- *Resurrection, Road to Emmaus, Great Commission, Ascension

John

I. The Author

- A. John was one of the 12 Apostles and was brother to the Apostle _____ (Matthew 10:2).
- B. He was one of the _____ Apostles that were especially _____ to Jesus (Mark 14:32, 32).
- C. He was known as the Apostle of _____ (John 13:23, 19:26, 20:2, 21:7,20).
- D. He also wrote the books of I, II, III John and _____.

II. The Purpose of the Book

- A. It was written to the _____ at large.
- B. It presents Jesus as the Son of _____.
- C. It was written so that people would _____ in the Son of God (John 20.31).

III. The Structure of John

- A. The _____ of the Son of God (chapter 1:1-18)
 - 1. Creator (1:1-3)
 - 2. Light (1:4-9)
 - 3. Giver of Grace (1:10-18)
- B. The _____ ministry of the Son of God (chapters 1:19-12:50)
 - 1. Testimony of John and Others (1:19-51)
 - 2. The God Man-Marriage at Cana, Temple Cleansing (2)
 - 3. The Great Teacher - Nicodemus (3)
 - 4. The Soul winner - Woman at the well (4)
 - 5. The Great Physician (5)
 - 6. The Bread of Life (6)

7. The Water of Life (7)
 8. The Light of the World (8)
 9. The Healer of the Blind (9)
 10. The Good Shepherd (10)
 11. The Prince of Life - Lazarus (11)
 12. The King of the Jews - Triumphant Entry (12)
- C. The _____ ministry of the Son of God (chapters 13-17)
1. Last Supper (13)
 2. Comforting the Troubled (14)
 3. The True Vine (15)
 4. Persecution, the Holy Spirit (16)
 5. Intercessory Prayer (17)
- D. The _____ and Resurrection of the Son of God (chapters 18-21)
1. Arrest, Trials before Annas, Caiaphas, & Pilate (18)
 2. Crucifixion & Burial (19)
 3. The Resurrection & Appearances (20)
 4. Charge to Peter (21)